Time domain astronomy at the Las Cumbres Observatory Global Telescope Network

Stefano Valenti







## Private, non-profit organization founded and run by Wayne Rosing.

Santa Barbara Headquarters 40+ staff. Others in Liverpool, Cardiff, Siding Spring Australia, Hawaii

# **LCOGT.net** Headquarters



## Santa Barbara, CA

- machine & electrical shops
- optics laboratories
- assembly zones, warehouses
- server rooms, computer labs
- offices & conference rooms
- prototype testing facilities











### Build and run a global network of robotic telescopes to study time variable objects

Desired network of sites









# 2005 FTS and FTN









# 2009 april 0.8m testing facility



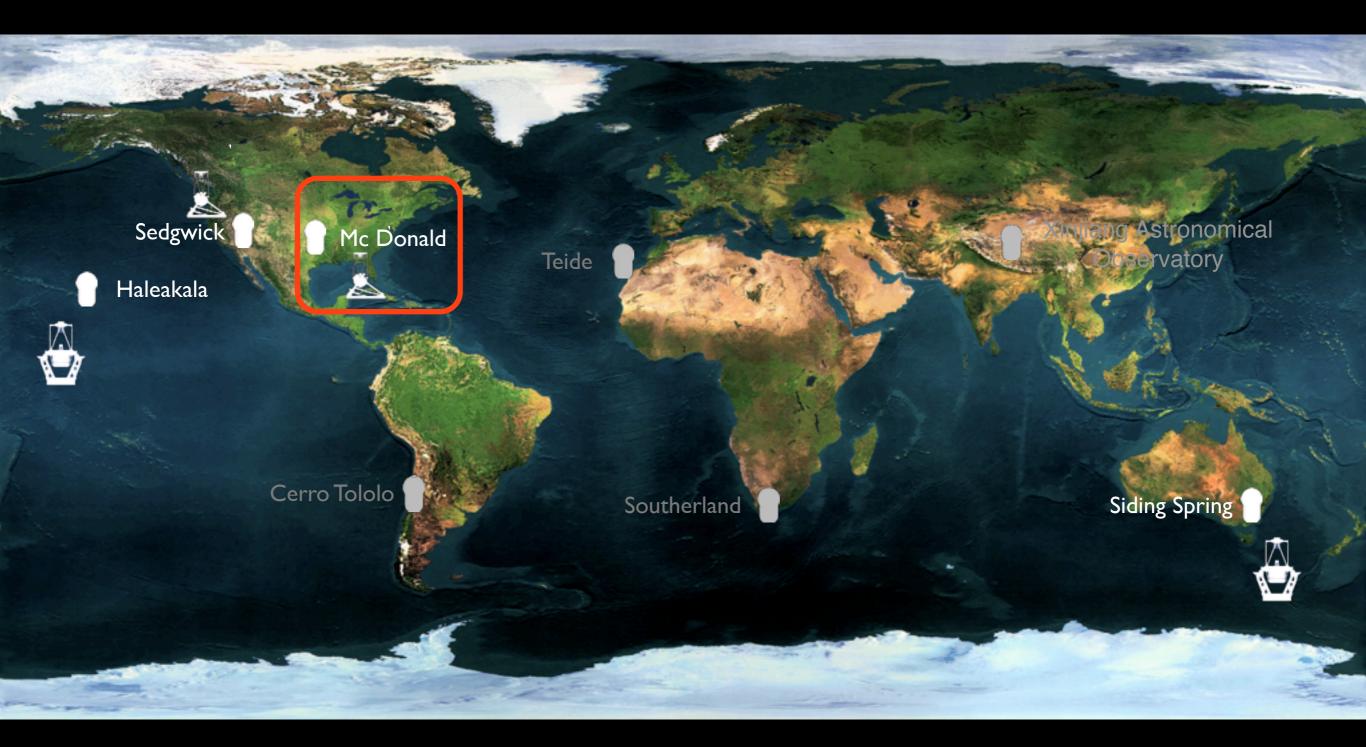






# April 2012

# Im Texas









# June 2012

# Floyds @ FTS









# August 2012

# Floyds @ FTN









# October 2012

# 3x1m in chile









# February 2013 3x1m South Africa

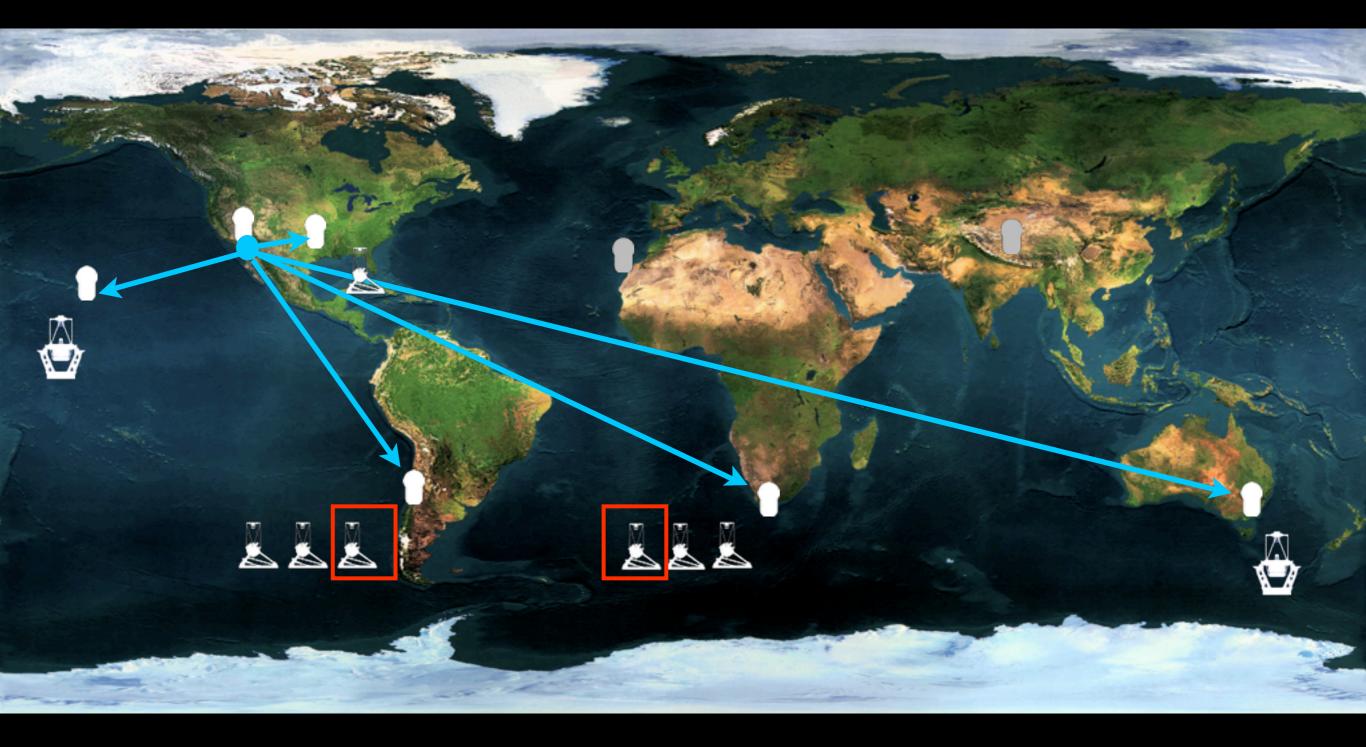








# February 2013 (Scheduling)

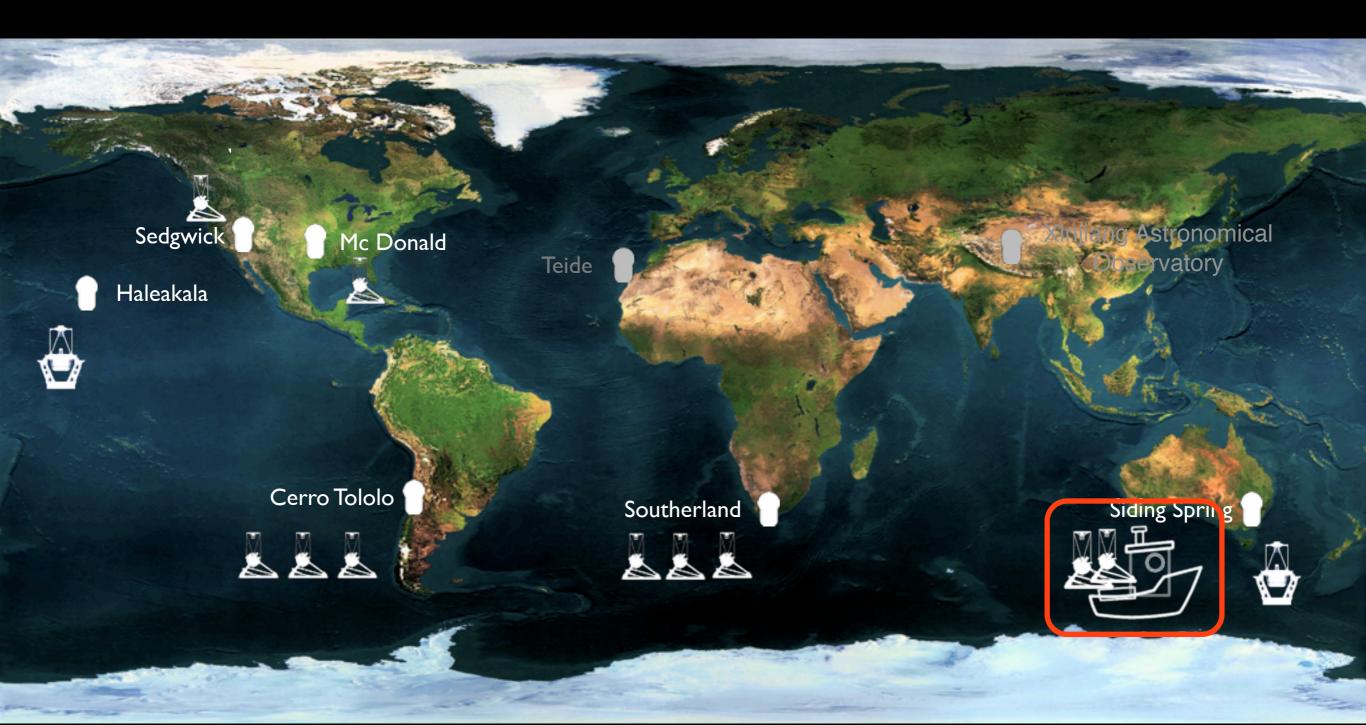








# April 2013 2 x lm ...

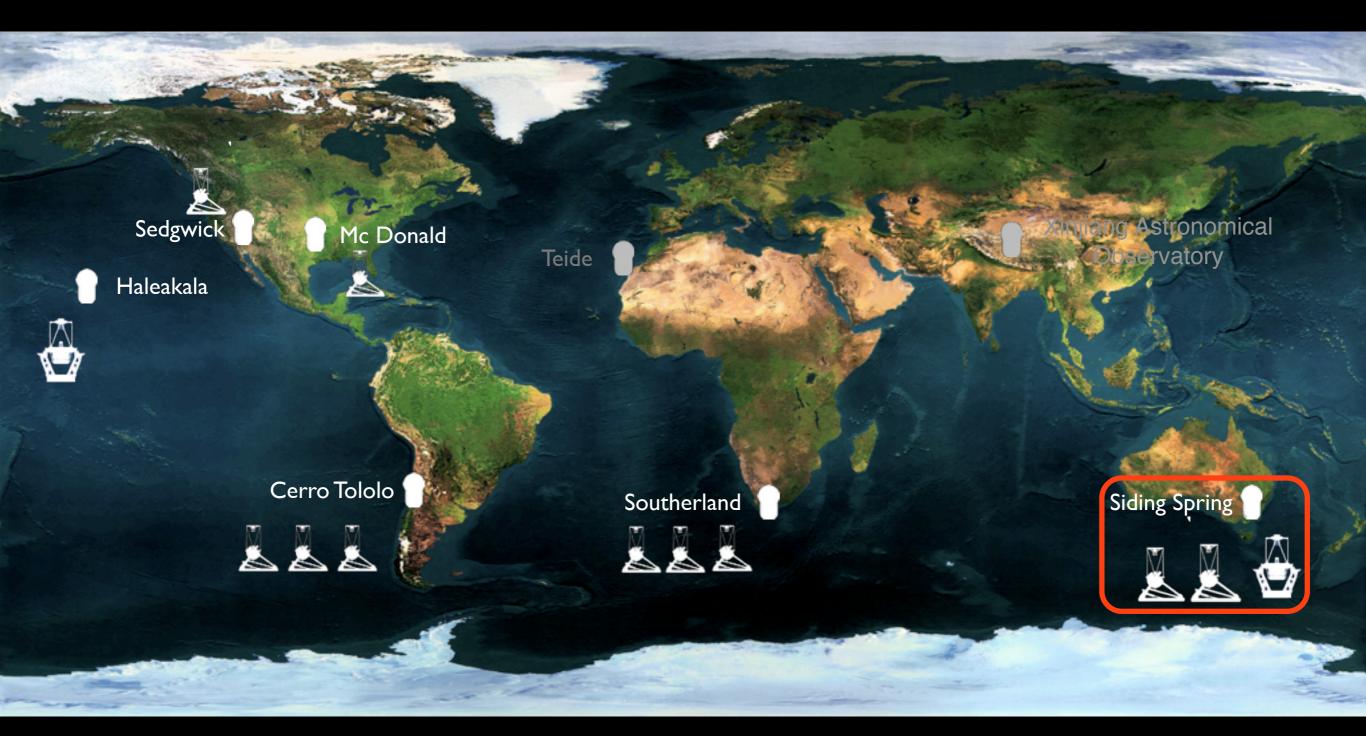








# June 2013 2 x Im operative

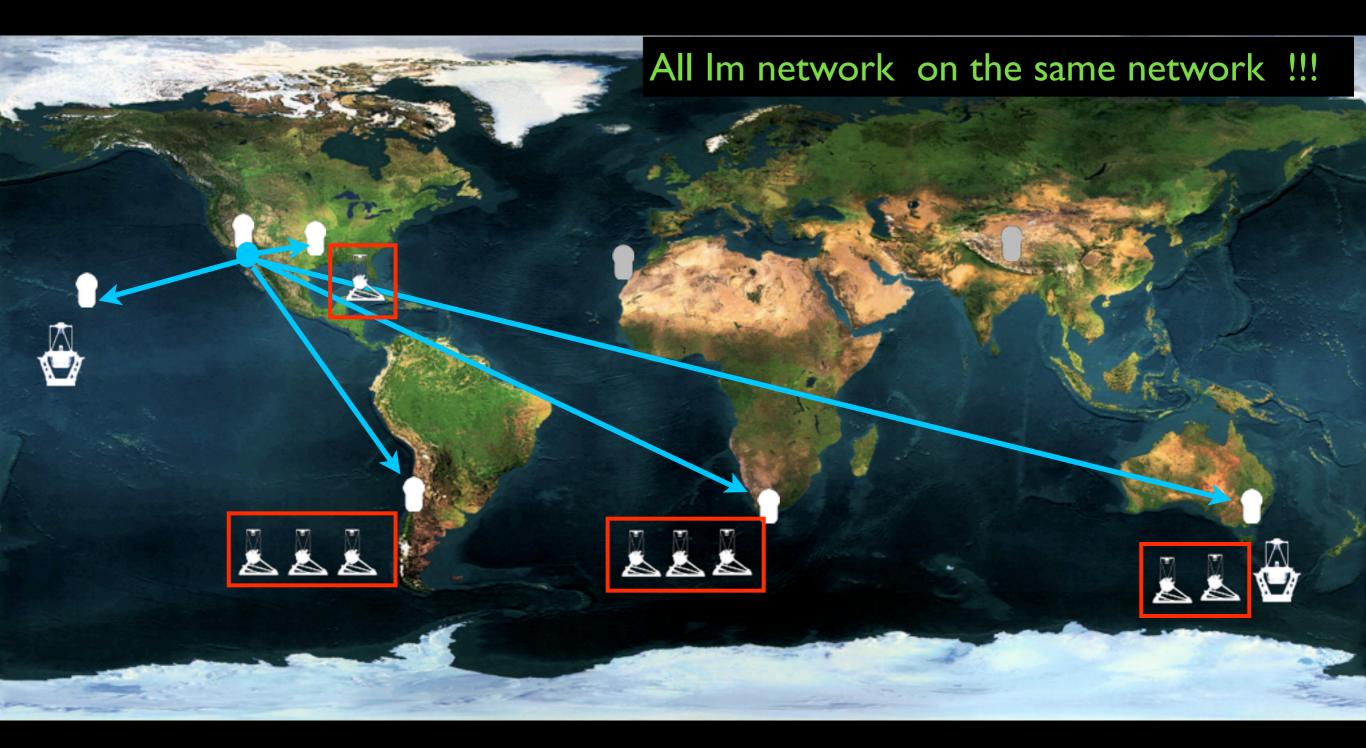








# July 2013









# July 2013









# LCOGT Version I





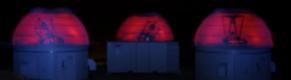




# **LCOGT** Version I

# Construction — Operation

V1.0 refers to an initial set of capabilities that allow high-impact science to be done with the LCOGT network, and that we aim to support starting with semester 2014A, Apr 1 - Sep 30, 2014.









All Im network on the same network 2m Telescopes as part of the network Deploying optical imagers on 1m's User interface to support proposal process and observation requests









# LCOGT Version I (2014 May I)

All Im network on the same network 2m Telescopes as part of the network Deploying optical imagers on 1m's User interface to support proposal process and observation requests









# Telescopes



Fig. 1.— LCOGT's Faulkes North (FTN) 2m telescope at dusk, with the clamshell enclosure open. Faulkes South (FTS) is a twin of FTN, but located at Siding Spring Observatory in Australia.

# FTN & FTS (2m)



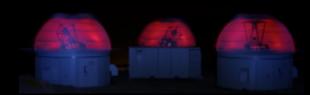
Fig. 2.— 1m telescope, assembled in dome. (A) Secondary mirror tip-tilt-focus mechanism. (B) Lightweight, low-wind-resistance light baffles. (C) Roller-shade primary mirror cover, with integral Hartmann mask. (D) Wide-field Extinction Camera. Photo: Matt Miller, Hazardous/Taste.com



Fig. 3.— 40cm telescope in its Aqawan enclosure. (A) Carbon-epoxy telescope tube. (B Duct for optics tube ventilation. (C) Polar axis bearing, with white fabric dirt guard. (D Declination axis drive ring. (E) Direct-drive servo motors for RA (left) and Declination (right) axes. (F) 8-position filter wheel for main science camera. (G) SBIG STX-6303 main science CCD camera. (H) Andor Luca R LIHSP EMCCD camera.

# 9 x Im telescopes 0.4m telescopes

# ).4m telescopes (2014 ?)







### - MEROPE

2k x 2k 4.7 FOV 0.13"/pix

### - SPECTRAL

4k x k4 10.5FOV 0.153"/pix

### - FLOYDS

low resolution spectrograph

### - LIHSP

Lucky Imaging and High Speed Photocom

FTN & FTS (2m)

# Instruments

### - SBIG

4k x 4k 16' x 16' 0.232 "/pix u'g'r'i'z', Y, w, UBVRI (+Hα, Jan.)

- SINISTRO (2014) 4k x 4k 26' x 26' FOV 0.389''/pix

- NRES (2015) Network of Robotic

Echelle Spectrographs

SciCam Im telescopes

# C O (f).net

### - SCICAM

3k x 2k 29.7' x 19.8' FOV 0.58 "/pix

### - LIHSP

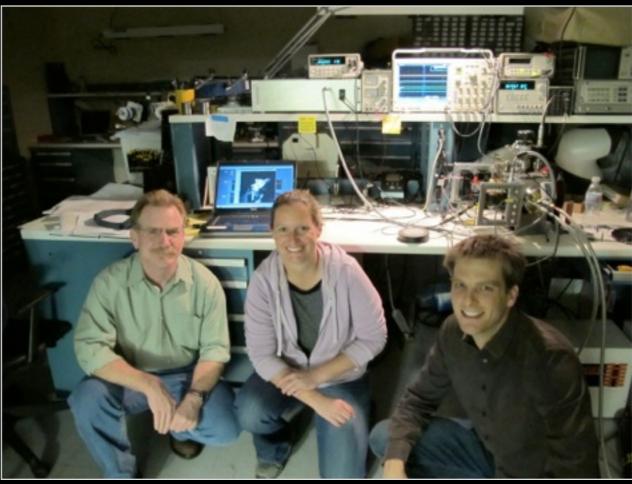
Lucky Imaging and High Speed Photocom

# 0.4m telescopes



### Further Future Instrument for the 1m Telescopes

chip size4k x 4kplatescale0.389 arcsec/pixelfield of view26' x 26'filtersu'g'r'i'z', Y, w, UBVRI, Hαautoguiding√deploymentDec. 2013







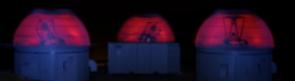


### Further Future Instrument for the 1m Telescopes

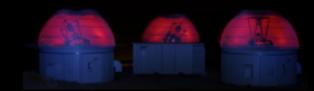
chip size 4k x 4k field of view  $26' \ge 26'$ filters autoguiding deployment Dec. 2013

platescale 0.389 arcsec/pixel u'g'r'i'z', Y, w, UBVRI, Ha 



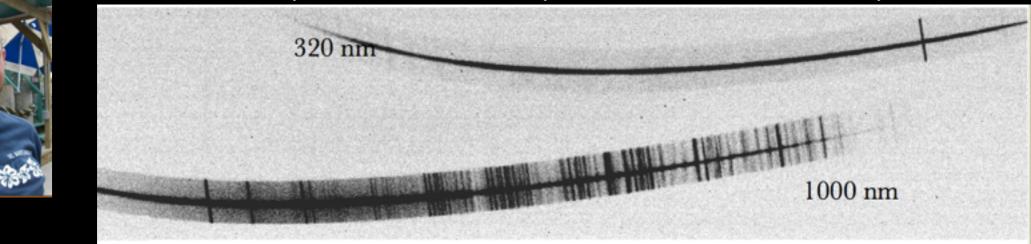






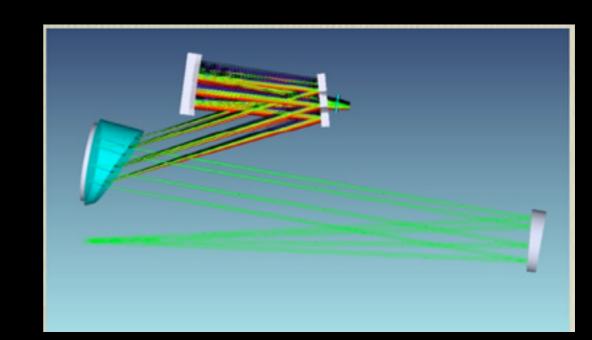
# The Folded Low Order whYte-pupil Double-Dispersed Spectrograph (FLOYDS)

D. Sand, T. Brown, R. Haynes, M. Dubberley, D. Mullins, M. Norbury, E. Hawkins + others

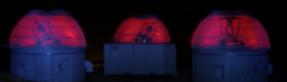


### E2V chip; 512 x 2048; 13.5 micron pixels; 1.2x30 arcsec slit

R=λ/dλ R-420 at 350nm (2nd order) R-690 at 570nm (2nd order) R-315 at 520 nm (1st order) R-540 at 900 nm (1st order) -Slits are site dependent, but 0.9 - 6.0 arcsec -Calibration unit sits in adjacent room; pneumatic arm with optics delivers F/10 beam into spectrograph



Double-pass prism and reflective grating to get wide range in one shot







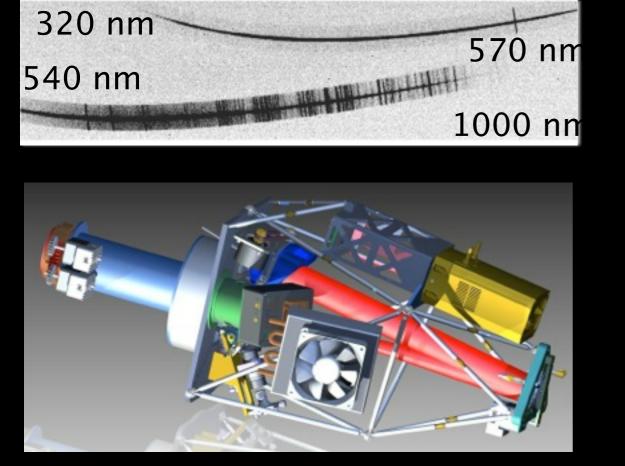
# FLOYDS robotic low resolution spectrographs

Designed for supernovae

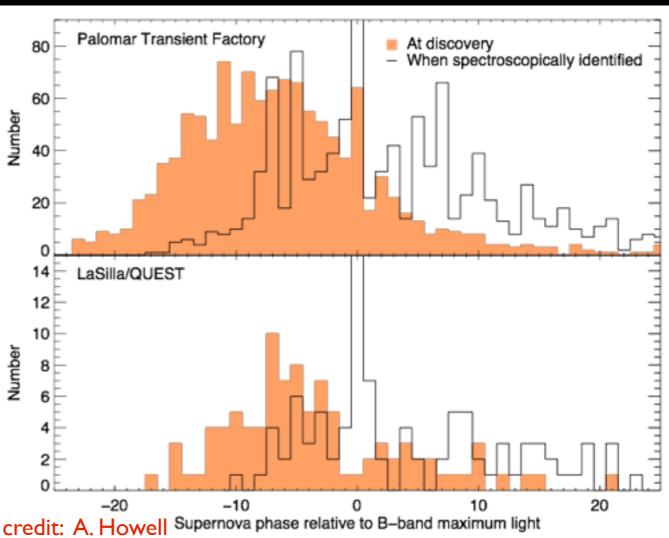
R~400 covering 325nm -- 1000nm in one pointing (cross dispersed).



Can go down to V~20 mag with S/ Spectrographs are in regular nightly operation. N=10 in 1 hour Pipeline reduces data, types SN 45s after readout.



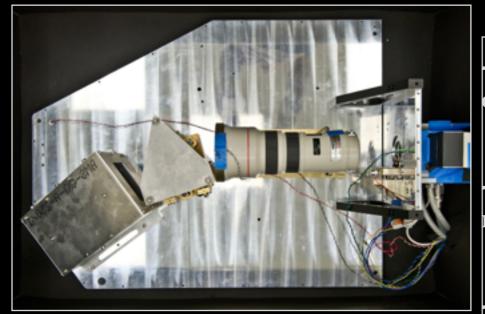
Built by Dave Sand and engineers at LCOGT



## Further Future Instrument for the 1m Telescopes

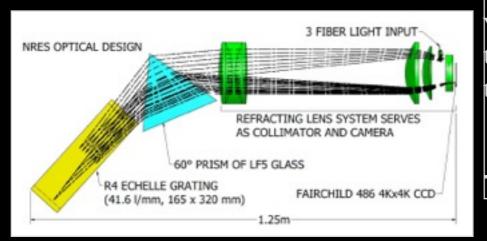


Network of Robotic Echelle Spectrographs (NRES) Tim Brown, Jason Eastman, John Hygelund Expect first light in 2014.



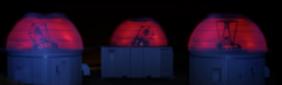
- six identical high-resolution (R~53,000), precise (≤ 3 m/s), optical (380-860 nm) echelle spectrographs

- fiber-fed (2.58" per fiber width) simultaneously by two 1 meter telescopes and a ThAr calibration source



- NRES will roughly double the radial velocity planetvetting capacity nationwide and achieve accuracy better than 3 m/s in reasonable exposure times for stars brighter than V=12 (NSF grant of 1 million to develop)

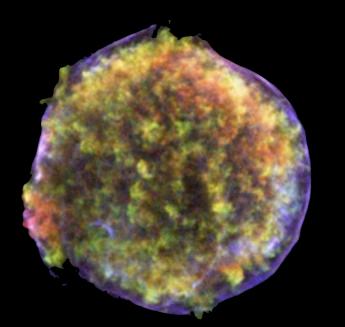
prototype is being tested at the Sedgwick 0.8m



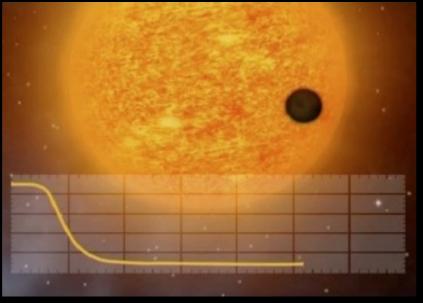




# Science @ LCOGT



### Supernovae / Dark Energy



### Extrasolar planets



### Solar system objects

Time variable objects: GRBs, microlensing, stellar oscillations, solar system objects, variable stars, binaries, AGN...







# how to use the network ?

- ~ 10 in-house scientists, including postdocs
- 12 collaborating institutions
- buying time
- 2014A semester: 1000 hours usable time per telescope

### 3 Key projects (3 years)

- The next-generation sample of supernovae (1m = 1030h, 2m = 250h)
- Echo Mapping of AGN Accretion Flows
- Transiting Exoplanet Characterisation (TECH) Key Project

AURA, IFA, ANU, SAAO, U. Texas, St. Andrews USite partnersColorado University, IPAC, UCSB,Site partnersTeide Observatory, Xinjiang Observatory, LCOGTCollaborator

# **User portal**

Las Cumbres Observatory Global Telescope Network

Stefano | Logout | Change Password



### Proposal: The next-generation sample of supernovae

Description: In the study of supernovae, we are leaving the serendipity era, when we had to learn from what nature provided by chance, and entering the database-driven era, when we can ask questions by comparing statistically significant groups of supernovae. This project will obtain light curves and spectra of 100 Type Ia and 100 core-collapse supernovae per year over three years. We will start light curves and spectroscopy within hours of discovery, and focus on those SNe caught soon after explosion. The goals are fivefold: (1) observe supernovae soon after explosion to search for signs of their progenitors, (2) obtain a large homogeneous sample of supernovae for next generation cosmological studies, (3) obtain a large sample of supernovae for statistical studies comparing groups that are split into different populations, (4) obtain some of the first large samples of the recently discovered classes of rare and exotic explosions, (5) obtain the optical light curves and spectroscopy in support of studies at other wavelengths and using other facilities including UV observations, IR imaging and spectroscopy, host galaxy studies, high resolution spectroscopy, and late-time spectroscopy with large telescopes.

1m0 Time Used/Allocated: 133.67 of 1030.00 hrs

2m0 Time Used/Allocated: 42.34 of 250.00 hrs

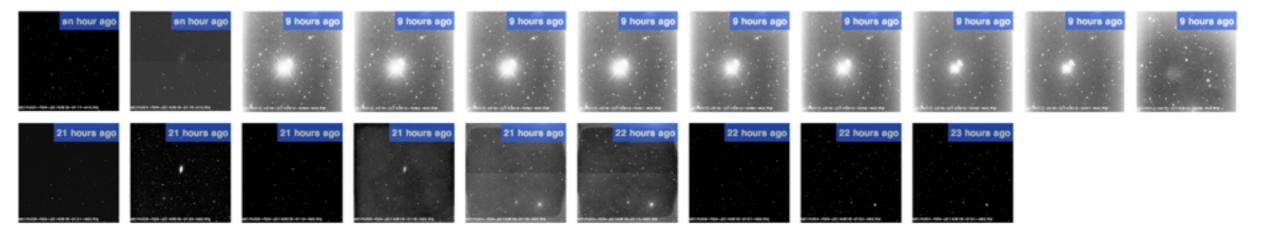
Members: Andy Howell, Melissa Graham, Charlie Baltay, Emma Walker, David Sand, Stefano Valenti, Abiy Tekola, lair Arcavi, Eli Kasai, Fang Yuan

Archive Links: Images Photometry

### Links

- Observing Summary
- Compose Request

### Latest observations

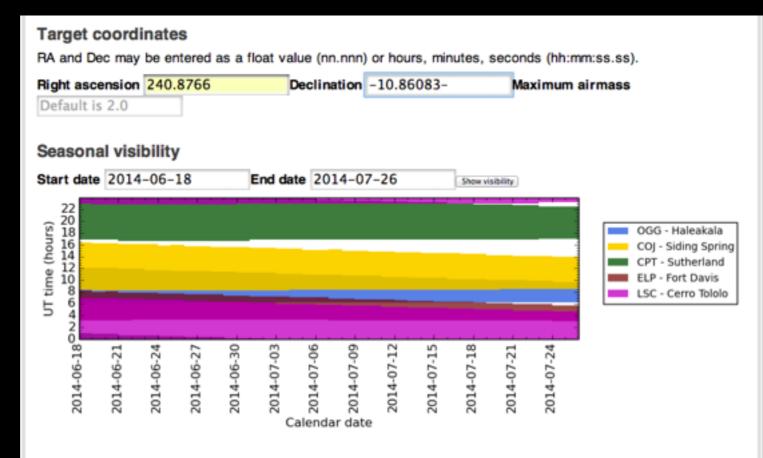








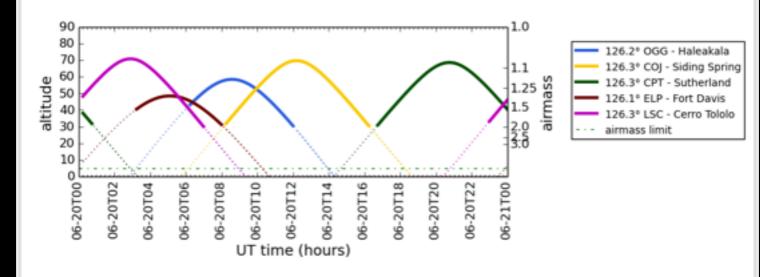
# Visibility tool



### Daily visibility

Target date 2014-06-20 Show visibility

Solid lines represent the visibility window; dotted lines represent daytime or hour angle > 4.6. The angle in the legend is the average moon-target distance during the selected night.





## Scheduler

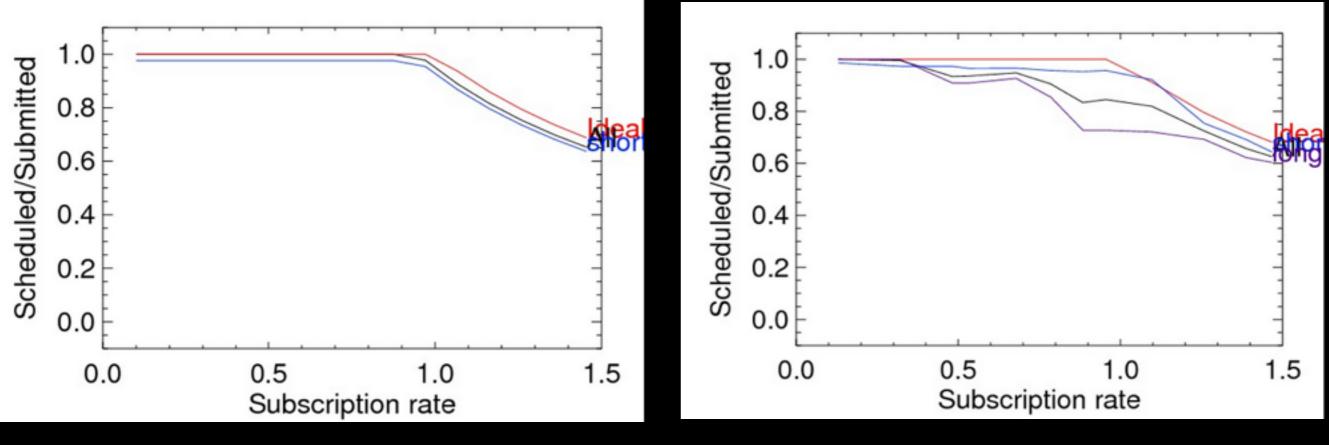








# Scheduler



# Blocks that not overlap

Real case









	LCOGT	1	Home	I.	User's Gui	de	I.	API Interface	1	Helpdesk
User: anonymous Log In				rchive is the rep res Observatory			mage and photometrope Network.	ric measu	irements made by	
701	Holding archive currently 538 images and acted source mea	holds 1429236403 asurements.			- Sky Region Position (347.4927 1 Radius	10		8.2s +18d23m45.9s   WA csec)	SP 21)	
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http://lcogtarchive.ipac.caltech.edu/







# Science @ LCOGT

Faculty/Staff Andy Howell



Postdocs Stefano Valenti Iair Arcavi

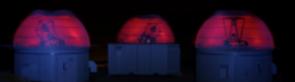


### Students Griffin Hosseinzadeh



### Collaborations

Palomar Transient Factory Pan-STARRS1 La Silla / Quest Supernova Legacy Survey SDSS-II MENeaCS Caltech Core Collapse Project PESSTO CSP Padova SN group







# Supernova Key project

**PI:** D. Andrew Howell **Co-Is:** Iair Arcavi, Charles Baltay, Bruce Bassett, Yi Cao, Michael Childress, Alexander Conley, Steve Crawford, Nan Ellman, Guojie Feng, Avishay Gal-Yam, Ariel Goobar, Melissa Graham, Eric Hsiao, Eli Kasai, Mansi Kasliwal, Emily Levesque, Roy Maartens, Howie Marion, Ryan McKinnon, Hubiao Niu, Peter Nugent, Eran Ofek, Mark Phillips, Robert Quimby, David Rabinowitz, David Sand, Richard Scalzo, Brian Schmidt, Jeffrey Silverman, Jesper Sollerman, Stephen Smartt, Matthew Smith, Mark Sullivan, Abiy Tekola, Stefano Valenti, Jozsef Vinko, Emma Walker, Lifan Wang, Xiaofeng Wang, J. Craig Wheeler, Fang Yuan

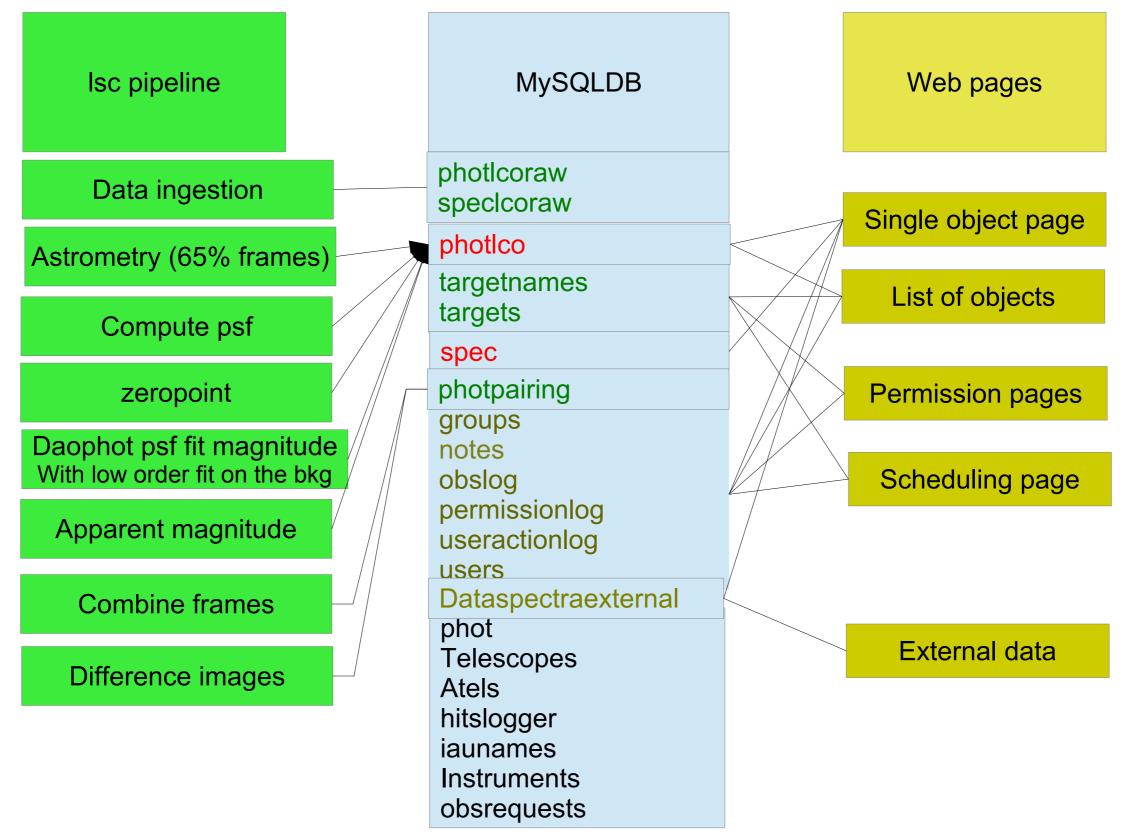
- Demographics:
  - A well-selected sample of core-collapse with good constrain on the explosion
  - Cosmology
- Early SN phase:
  - CC SNe and SNe la
- New type of transients:
  - Faint SNe, Super Luminous







# Data management



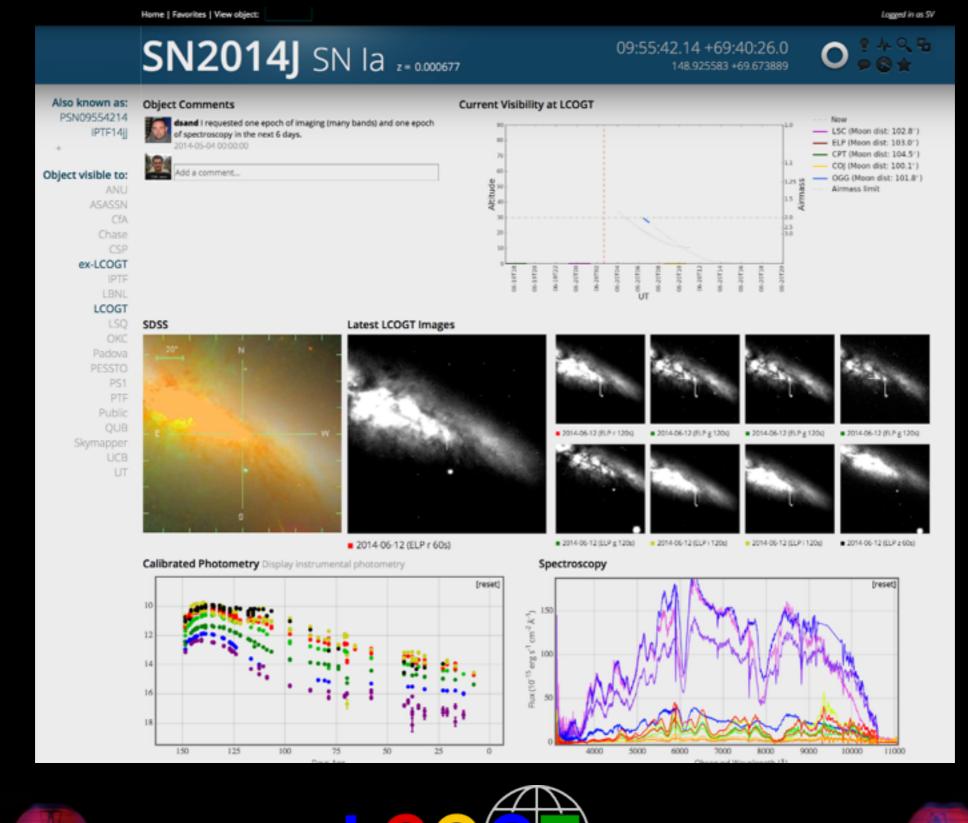


- view objects followup
- trigger observations
- download date
- upload external data









lei



Home | Favorites | View object:

#### Scheduling

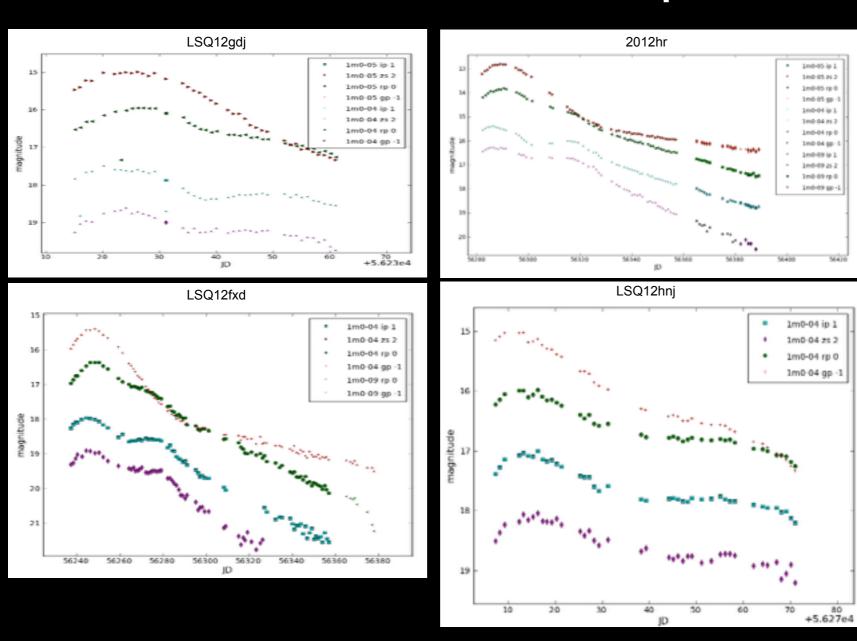
Scheuuning									
Pending Requests									
Target	Туре	Cadence	Instrument	EX	posures	Start	End F	Reminder	Comments
Expired/Curr									
Target IPTF14ans	Type Phot	Cadence 3d	Instrument Sbig	Exposures B 2x300s	Start 2014-05-08	End Ongoing	Reminder 2014-06-16	Comments	
			-	V 2x200s g 2x300s r 2x200s i 2x200s	06:43:48 by iair		00:19:55		
17	(reset)		90		COJ CPT LISO	Stop	Sequence		
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18		(reset)	80		COJ CPT LSC	Stop	Sequence		
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22 40 3						and display ne days	ew reminder in	7	
PSN12091154 iPTF14aoi	Phot	5d	Sbig	B 2x300s V 2x200s g 2x300s r 2x200s	2014-05-08 06:39:13 by iair	Ongoing	2014-06-16 00:25:58		

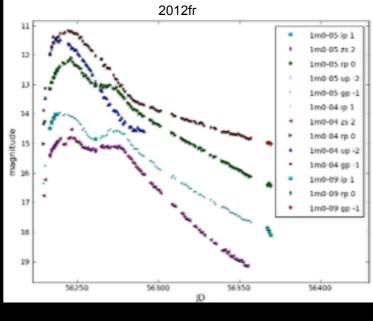


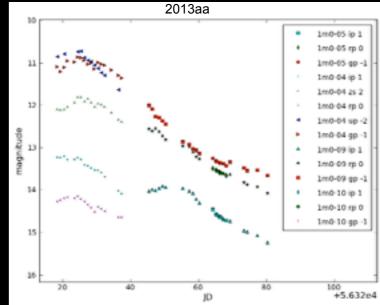




## Im telecopes SN data





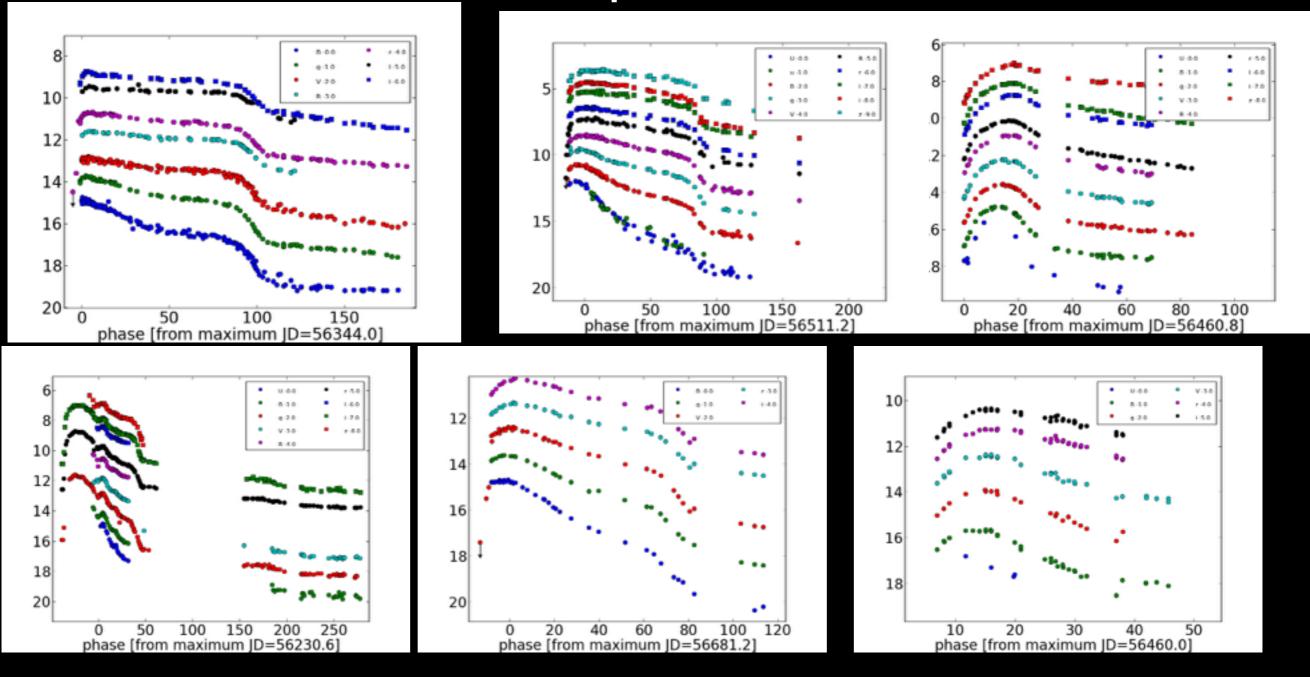


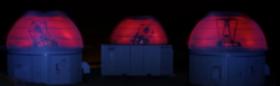






#### Im telecopes SN data









#### Ways to use LCOGT

Collaborate with us or a partner institution.

Or buy time: ~25% of the time is for sale.









Markov chain Monte Carlo (MCMC) using python package emcee

each frame in BVgri using apass catalog

 $m_{k-m_ck} = a + b * (Ck-Co) + c * (Xk-Xo) + d (Ck-Co)(Xk-Xo)$ 

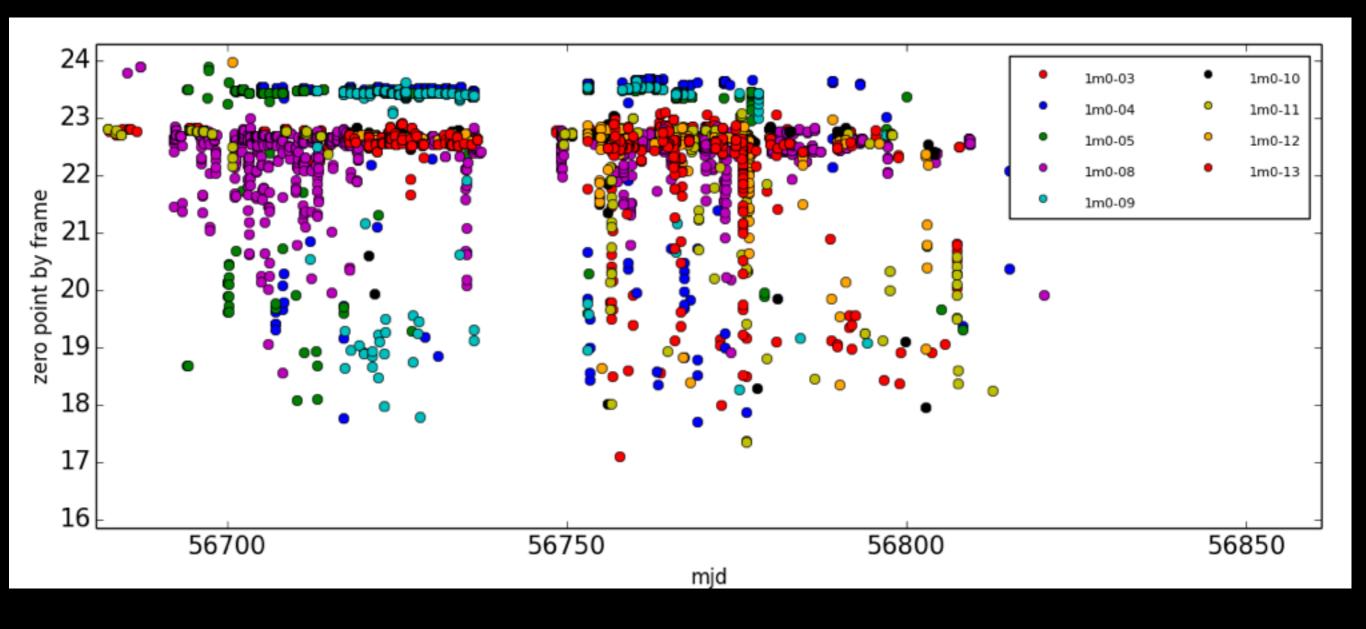
m\_ik = instrumental mag of star k
m\_ck = catalog mag of star k
Xk = airmass of star k
Ck = catalog color of star k
Co = average color term (eg 0.6)
Xo = average airmass (eg 1.3)

- a = **zeropoint** (to be fit)
- b = color term (to be fit)
- c = extinction coeff (to be fit)
- d = coefficient airmass-extinction (to be fit)





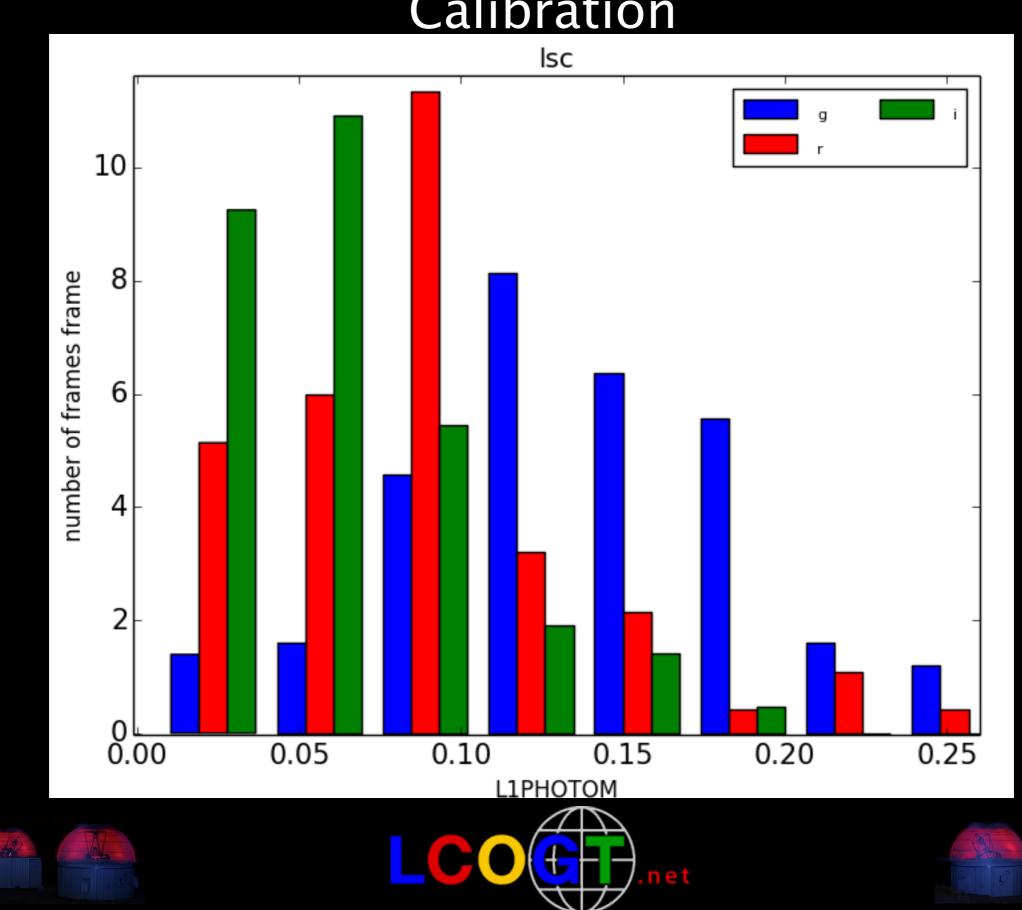


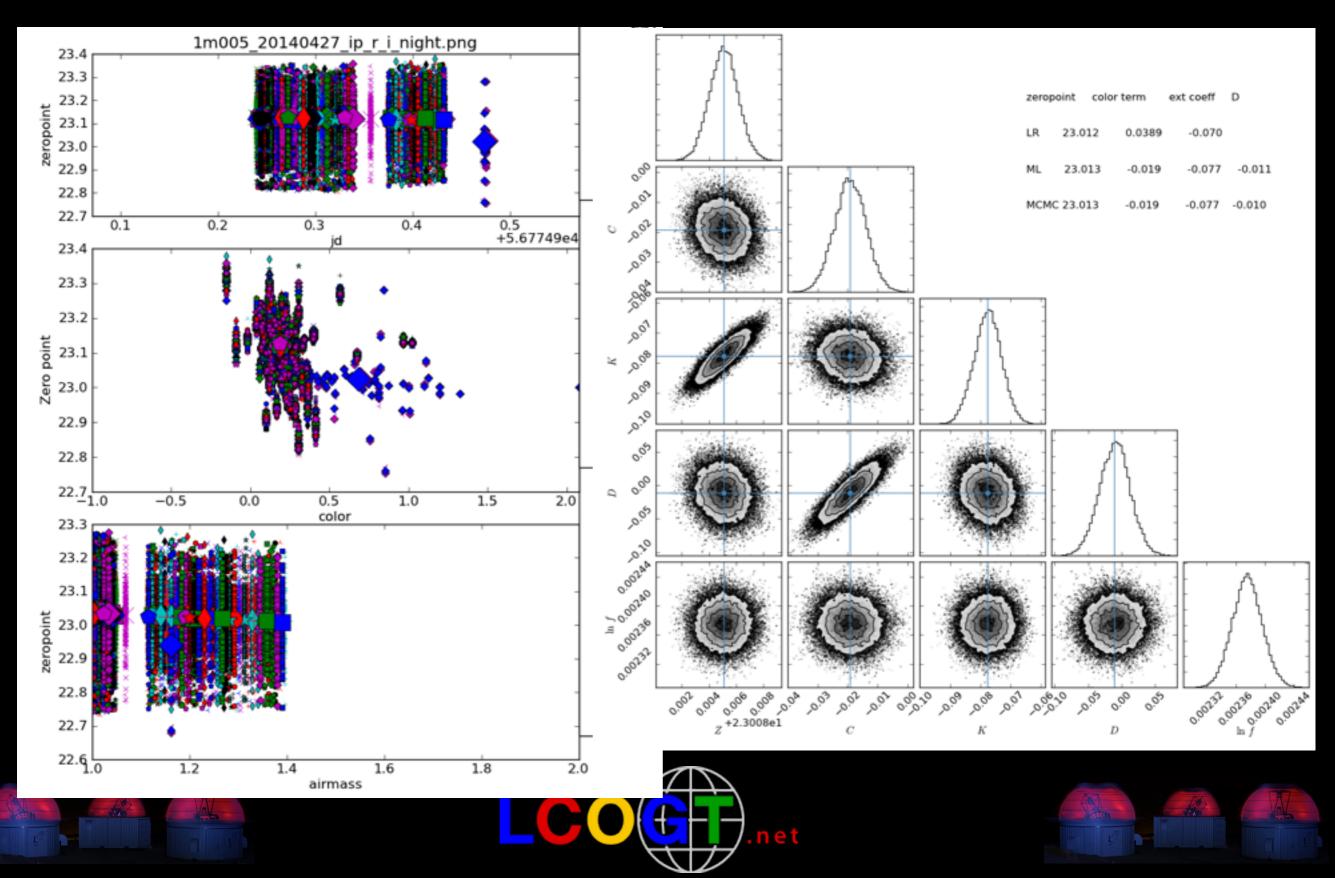






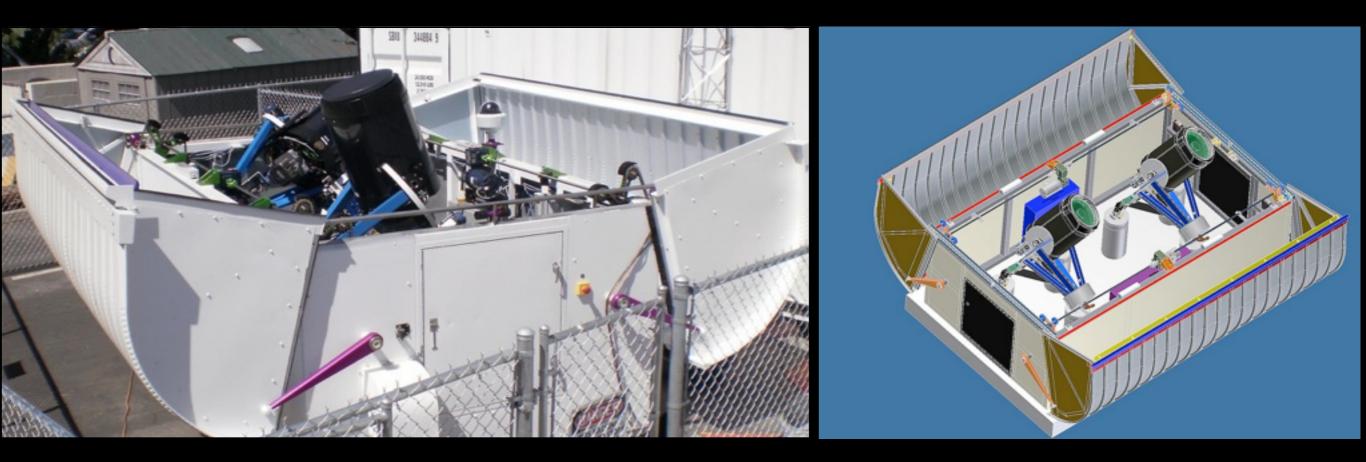






## 0.4m telescopes

- 50% science, 50% education
- Up to 24 total, deployed in clusters of 2-4 at each site
- Hardware built: deployment contingent on funding









#### each site

